
Fire As a Means of Protection in The Other World in Ancient Egypt

Bassem Mohamed

Abstract

This research cares of shed light on the fire as a means of protection in the other world of the ancient Egyptian depending on what the recorded texts of the Old Kingdom until the modern state.

We have varied texts of ancient Egyptian describing the fire as a way to protect against the evils and dangers in the other world, so the deceased, especially the good deceased are most in need of protection against the dangers of this world.

The oldest texts were pyramid texts from the Old Kingdom, and the coffin texts of the Middle Kingdom and then the books of the underworld from the New Kingdom, that reported the fire as one of the most important means of protection of the deceased in the other world from different sources, ranging from snakes including uraeus or of the eye of Horus or some gods with high mighty as the goddess Isis and the means of protection or guarding the deceased by fire or where he is, whether the place was a coffin, compartment or region of the other world, or by burning his enemies in the afterlife.

It is clear that the ancient Egyptians belief that the fire was very powerful way to protect and prevent the evils of their ability to excel both in the other world, whether the gods of the underworld or snakes or traps allocated to harm the deceased in this world, whether against the deity Ra, such as the serpent Apophis, or against the deceased people.

(1)

(2)

()

479



حوليات آداب عين شمس - المجلد 40 (أكتوبر – ديسمبر 2012)

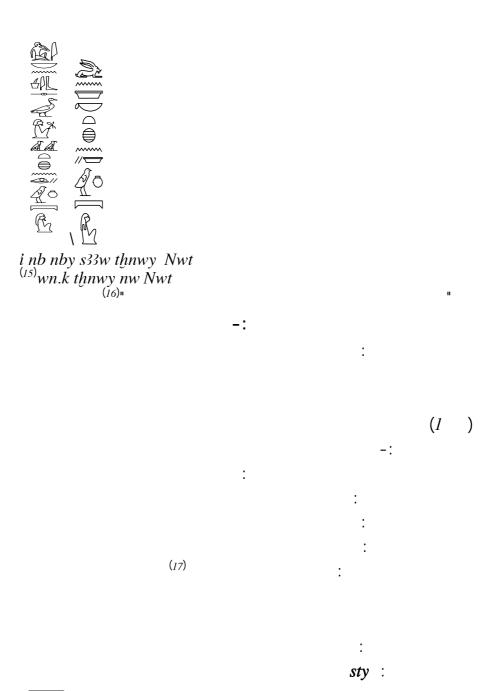
(kḥnḥ) (12)11

int. tn irt-hr n.f hrt n kwy.s
m sdt

int. tn irt-hr n.f hrt n kwy.s m sdt smn.kwy s(t) (hr) sdt smn.kwy s(t) hr rwd.s⁽¹³⁾

(14)"

-:



```
sty
.(18)"
              (2):
                         ( 3
                        (4):
         (20)
```

حوليات آداب عين شمس - المجلد 40 (أكتوبر -ديسمبر 2012)

النار كوسيلة للحماية في العالم الآخر في مصر القديمة

· ·

(5):

(23)"

.

<u>باسم محمد سید</u> : "

(24)" -: 302 - 301

396

320 321-

316

175 - 174

.

-: 11 - 10 ()

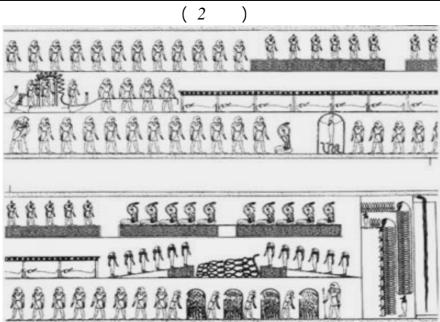
()

()

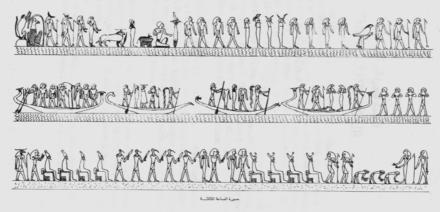
wmnty

-:

,fig. 35 (25) Piankoff, A. The Tomb of Ramsses

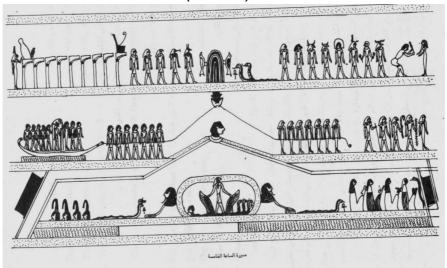


(26) Piankoff, A. *The Tomb of Ramsses*, fig. 39

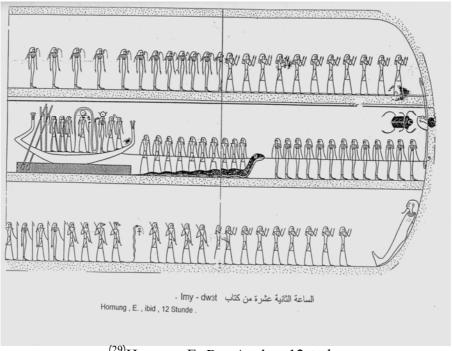


(27)Hornung, E. Das Amduat, 3 stnde

(4)



(28) Hornung, E. *Das Amduat*, 5 stnde



(29) Hornung, E. Das Amduat, 12stnde

:

1- Hornung, E. Conceptions of the GOD in Ancient Egypt, London, 1982, p.82

_ 1000

-2

```
3- Sethe. K., Die Altaegyptischen Pyramiden Texte, Leipzig, 1910, Band, I, 301b-
4- Faulkner, R.O. The Ancient Egyptian Pyramid Texts ,Oxford ,1962,utt.256
5- Sethe. K., PT,I,396b-c
6- Faulkner, R.O. PT, utt. 273
   - لنفس المعنى راجع: CT,IV,46-47
7- Sethe. K.,PT,I 320-321
8- Faulkner, R.O. PT.utt.260
9- De Buck, The Egyptian Coffin Texts. Chicago, 1955, IV, 316
10- Faulkner, R.O. The Ancient Egyptian Coffin Texts, Oxford, 1963, I, utt. 316
11- De Buck, CT, IV, 103-104
12- Faulkner, R.O, CT, I, 316
13- De Buck, CT, VI,174 - 175
    CT,III,145
    CT,III,300
    CT,III,343-344
    CT,IV,91
    CT,IV,107-108
14- Faulkner, R.O, CT, II, 572
15- CT,II,10-11
16- Faulkner, R.O, CT, II, 95
17- Piankoff, A. The Tomb of Ramsses VI, NewYork, 1954, p. 149, fig, 34
18- Ibid, p. 154 fig.35
   Hornung, E. Ägzptische Ünterwelts Bücher, München, 1984, Abb. 3;
    Das Amduat,in:ÄA7,1963, (3 stnde)
    Hornung, E. Ägyptische Ünterwelts Bücher, Abb. 3;1-
19- Das Amduat,in:ÄA7, (3 stnde); Piankoff,A. The Tomb of Ramsses VI,p.247,
   fig.76.
20- Hornung, E. Das Amduat, 4 stnde; Piankoff, A. The Tomb of Ramsses
    VI,p267,fig.78
21- Hornung, E. Ägyptische Ünterwelts Bücher, s. 112-114
22- Piankoff, A. The Tomb of Ramsses VI,p267-169,fig.78.
```

النار كوسيلة للحماية في العالم الآخر في مصر القديمة

- 23- Hornung, E. Das Amduat, 12 stnde; Piankoff, A. The Tomb of Ramsses VI,p303,fig.87
- 24- Piankoff, A. The Tomb of Ramsses VI,p 377, fig. 87; Hornung, E. Ägyptische Ünterwelts, s. 190-193
- 25 Piankoff, A. The Tomb of Ramsses VI, fig.35
- 26 Ibid, fig,39
- 27- Hornung, E. Das Amduat, 3 stnde
- 28- Ibid, 5 stnde
- 29- Ibid, 12 stnde